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Asymmetric Synthesis of Amino-Bis-Pyrazolone Derivatives *via* an Organocatalytic Mannich Reaction

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ABSTRACT: A new series of *N*-Boc ketimines derived from pyrazolin-5-ones have been used as electrophiles in asymmetric Mannich reactions with pyrazolones. The amino-bis-pyrazolone products are obtained in excellent yields and stereoselectivities by employing a very low loading of 1 mol% of a bifunctional squaramide organocatalyst. Depending on the substitution in the 4-position of the pyrazolones the new protocol allows for the generation of one or two tetra-substituted stereocenters including a one-pot version combing the Mannich reaction with a base mediated halogenation.



Pyrazoles and pyrazolones, are a privileged class of five-membered aza-heterocycles that find wide applications as pharmaceuticals and agrochemicals, as well as synthetic scaffolds in combinatorial and medicinal chemistry, photographic couplers and chelating agents in coordination chemistry.¹ The pyrazolone moiety is not a common feature of biologically active natural products, but a broad range of synthetic pyrazolone derivatives exhibit significant pharmacological activities. For example the pyrazolone derivatives are used as antipyretic drugs,² neuroprotective agents³ HIV-1 integrase inhibitors⁴, antibacterial agent,⁵ etc. Due to the wide biological and synthetic applications, the

synthesis of these 1,2-azoles has been a major focus of interest among synthetic organic chemists. In this context, the asymmetric synthesis of the structurally diverse pyrazole and pyrazolone derivatives, especially employing the reactivities of pyrazolin-5-one derivatives, remain at the forefront thus leading to the discovery of new aza-hetereocyclic compounds for further investigations.⁶

With the availability of many reactive centers pyrazolin-5-ones are unique substrates with many possibilities of modification and manipulation in order to obtain new valuable compounds (Figure 1). The well established nucleophilic centers on pyrazolin-5-ones are available at the N-1,⁷ C-4 ⁸ and 5-OH⁹ positions, whereas the C-3 position is electrophilic¹⁰. The α , β -unsaturated pyrazolones bearing a γ -hydrogen have been used as vinylogous nucleophiles¹¹ and those derived from aldol condensation with aldehydes, served as very good Michael acceptors¹². By knowing all these reactive sites of pyrazolin-5-one derivatives, we realized the synthesis of a new series of pyrazolin-5-one derivatives, we realized the synthesis of a new series of pyrazolin-5-one derivatives (i.e. *N*-Boc ketimines where the C-4 position can act as an acceptor. This new reactivity of the pyrazolin-5-one substrates can be utilized to develop new catalytic asymmetric transformations to generate a tetrasubstituted amino stereogenic center. To the best of our knowledge, there are only two reports in the literature which describe the formation of pyrazolones bearing a tetrasubstituted amino stereogenic center via the α -amination reaction of the 4-sustituted pyrazolones (Scheme 1).¹³ Alternatively, we herein report an enantioselective Mannich addition of pyrazolones to *N*-Boc ketimines derived from pyrazolin-5-ones to provide an efficient entry to amino-bis-pyrazolones bearing one or two tetrasubstituted stereogenic centers.



Figure 1. Reactive centers of pyrazolin-5-one derivatives.

Scheme 1. Asymmetric synthesis of *N*-protected amino-pyrazolones. *Previous Work:*



Initially, we synthesized a new series of *N*-Boc ketimines starting with the base catalyzed condensation reaction of pyrazolones **1** with nitrosobenzene to afford the intermediate phenyl imines **2**, which were then hydrolyzed to afford the ketones **3** (Scheme 2). The ketones **3** were subsequently converted to the *N*-Boc ketimines **4** *via* an *aza*-Wittig reaction.

Scheme 2. Synthesis of pyrazolone derived N-Boc ketimines.



With the substrates in our hand, we started the optimization studies by screening various bifunctional hydrogen-bonding organocatalysts^[14] for the enantioselective addition of pyrazolone **1a** to the imine **4a** in dichloromethane at room temperature to afford the desired product **5a** (Table 1). It turned out that the reactions were generally very fast with 1 mol% of squaramides **C-1** to **C-7**. The squaramide catalysts derived from quinine **C-2** and quinidine **C-5** gave the best enantioselectivities of the products **5a** and *ent*-**5a**, respectively, with an excellent yield of 99%. However, a thiourea (**C-8**) and a cuperine catalyst (**C-9**) resulted in a slow reaction rate with poor er-values.



^a Reaction conditions: 0.24 mmol of 1a, 0.2 mmol 4a, 1 mol% of catalyst in 1.0 mL of CH₂Cl₂ at room temperature.

To further improve the yield and enantiomeric ratio, the optimization of the reaction conditions was carried out by screening different solvents, additives and varying the temperature using catalyst C-2 (Table 2). This time a one-pot addition/acylation reaction was carried out in order to obtain the enolacetate **6a**, whose enantiomers could be easily resolved by HPLC. After screening various solvents (entries 1-9), it was found that no other solvent provide better er-values than dichloromethane. An increase in the er-value of **6a** was observed by lowering the temperature to -20 °C (entry 10). Moreover, the presence of 4 Å molecular sieves (MS) also led to an increase in the enantioselectivity (entry 11). Further lowering of the temperature and the reducing catalyst loading, however, led to a lower reaction rate and hence lower yields (entries 12 and 13). Based on these optimization studies, best reaction condition for this transformation include 1 mol% of C-2 in dichloromethane at -48 °C and 4 Å MS as an additive, providing the desired product **5a** with 99% yield and 98.5:1.5 *er* (entry 14).



| Table 2. Optimization of the reaction conditions. ^a | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------|----------|------------------------|-----------------|
| $\begin{array}{c} Me \\ N \\ Ph \\ Ph \\ 1a \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Me \\ + \\ O \\ Ph \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Me \\ + \\ O \\ Ph \\ Ph \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1) C-2 (1 \text{ mol}\%) \\ solvent, rt \\ 2) Ac_2O (2 \text{ equiv.}) \\ Et_3N (30 \text{ mol}\%) \\ Boc \\ O \\ Ph \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} Ph \\ Boc \\ Ph \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} N \\ Me \\ HN \\ Boc \\ Ph \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} N \\ N \\ Boc \\ Ph \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} N \\ Boc \\ Ph \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} N \\ Boc \\ Ph \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} N \\ Boc \\ Ph \\ \end{array} $ | | | | | |
| Entry | olvent | Temp. | Time (h) | Yield (%) ^b | er ^c |
| 1 | CH ₂ Cl ₂ | rt | 2.5 | 94 | 95:5 |
| 2 | CICH ₂ CH ₂ Cl | rt | 2.5 | 94 | 94:6 |
| 3 | CHCl ₃ | rt | 2.5 | 91 | 90.5:9.5 |
| 4 | toluene | rt | 5 | 95 | 76.5:23.5 |
| 5 | xylene | rt | 6 | 93 | 81:19 |
| 6 | Et ₂ O | rt | 1.5 | 92 | 77:23 |
| 7 | THF | rt | 0.3 | 94 | 91:9 |
| 8 | 1,4-dioxane | rt | 1.5 | 92 | 80.5:19.5 |
| 9 | MTBE | rt | 1.5 | 96 | 79:21 |
| 10 | CH_2Cl_2 | -20 °C | 5 | 82 | 96.5:3.5 |
| 11^d | CH_2Cl_2 | -20 °C | 6 | 93 | 97:3 |
| 12 ^{<i>d,e</i>} | CH ₂ Cl ₂ | -78 °C | 24 | 90 | 94:6 |
| 13 ^{<i>d,e,f</i>} | CH ₂ Cl ₂ | -48 °C | 18 | 95 | 98:2 |
| $14^{d,e}$ | CH ₂ Cl ₂ | -48 °C | 24 | 99 | 98.5:1.5 |

a Reaction conditions: 0.20 mmol of **1a**, 0.22 mmol of **4a**, 1 mol% of **C-2** in 1.0 mL of solvent. ^bYield of isolated product **6a** after column chromatography. ^c The enantiomeric ratios were determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase. ^d 50 mg of 4 Å molecular sieves were used. ^e Yield of the non-acylated product **5a**. ^f0.5 mol% of **C-2** was used.

After the optimization, we then focused towards the substrate scope for the squaramide C-2 catalyzed Mannich addition of the pyrazolones 1 to the imines 4 (Table 3). The variation in the *N*-substituent (\mathbb{R}^1) of 1 showed that the aryl group bearing electron-withdrawing and electron-donating group led to the formation of the corresponding adducts **5b-d** in high yields and very good er-values. A *N*-methyl group is also well tolerated to provide the desired product **5e** in 89% yield and good er of 91:9. Various alkyl substituents (\mathbb{R}^2) at the C-3 position of the pyrazolone 1 also worked very well in terms of er-values of the products **5f-h**, but the increase in steric bulk, the yield decreased to some extent. A pyrazolone bearing a trifluoromethyl group at the C-3 position led to the formation of the desired product **5i** in 71% yield, however, the er could not be determined by HPLC.



^{*a*} Reaction conditions: 0.20 mmol of **1**, 0.22 mmol of **4**, 1 mol% of **C-2** or **C-5**, 50 mg 4 Å MS in 1.0 mL of CH₂Cl₂ at -48 °C. ^{*b*} er-values of acylated product.

The imines **4** bearing an electron-withdrawing and electron-donating group (\mathbb{R}^3) at the N-1 position also reacted well to provide high enantioselectivities of the desired products **5j** and **5k**. It was further observed that the imines bearing ethyl and isopropyl substituents (\mathbb{R}^4) at the C-3 position worked well to provide very good yields and excellent enatioselectivities of **5l** and **5m**. However, an increase of steric bulk ($\mathbb{R}^4 = t$ -Bu and Ph) at this position leads to low reactivity even at room temperature and resulted in lower er-values of **5n** and **5o**.

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The substrate scope was also tested with the catalyst **C-5**, which worked in a similar fashion to provide the enantiomeric products *ent*-**5a-o** with the same level of yields and enantiomeric ratios.

Furthermore, we have tested the applicability of this transformation to generate two adjacent tetrasubstituted stereocenters by using C-3 alkyl substituted pyrazolones **7** as nucleophiles (Scheme 3). With 2 mol% of the catalysts **C-2** and **C-5** the corresponding bis-pyrazolone products **8** and *ent-***8** were obtained with good yields and enantioselectivities as well as excellent diastereselectivities (>20:1 dr).

Scheme 3. Asymmetric synthesis of bis-pyrazolones bearing two adjacent tetrasubstituted stereocenters.



The one-pot organocatalytic 1,2-addition and base mediated halogenation also worked successfully leading to the formation of fluoro- and chloro- substituted amino-bis-pyrazolone products **9a** and **9b** bearing two contiguous tetra-substituted stereocenters (Scheme 4). In both cases, good yields and excellent stereoselectivities were achieved.

Scheme 4. One-pot organocatalytic 1,2-addition and base mediated halogenation reaction. (NFSI: *N*-fluorobenzenesulfonimide, NCS: *N*-chlorosuccinimide)



The absolute configuration of the products **5**, **8** and **9** obtained with catalyst **C-2** could be assigned by analogy to the X-ray crystal structures of the products **6a** and **8a**.^[15]

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, we have synthesized pyrazolone derived *N*-Boc ketimines and utilized these new electrophiles in the organocatalytic asymmetric Mannich-type addition of pyrazolone derivatives. With a low loading of the squaramide C-2 and C-5 both enantiomers of the corresponding amino-bis-pyrazolones with one and two tetrasubstituted stereocenters were synthesized in good to excellent yields and stereoselectivities for a wide range of substrates. In addition, the one-pot organocatalytic enantioselective Mannich addition and base mediated diastereoselective α -halogenation also worked efficiently to provide the corresponding bis-pyrazolones bearing two adjacent tetrasubstituted halo and amino stereogenic centers.

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

General Method. All reactions were performed in oven-dried glassware. Analytical TLC were carried out using SIL G-25 UV254 from Machery & Nagel and visualized with ultraviolet radiation at 254 nm. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl₃ at ambient temperature on Varian Innova 400 or Innova 600 instruments. Chemical shifts for ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were reported in parts per million (ppm), with coupling constants given in Hertz (Hz). The following abbreviations are used for spin multiplicity: s = singlet, d = doublet, dd = doublet of doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet and br = broad signal. The assignment of the exact numbers of carbon atoms in the bis-amino-pyrazolone products was not possible, hence only the number of signals seen in the ¹³C NMR spectra are written. It is assumed that this problem is due to a possible keto-enol tautomerization or the restricted rotation. Mass spectra were recorded with the spectrometer SSQ 7000 from Finnigan at 70 eV, whereas HRMS data (ESI) were collected with a ThermoFisher Scientific LTQ-Orbitrap XL apparatus. IR spectra were taken on a PerkinElmer Spectrum 100 FT-IR spectrometer. Analytical HPLC was carried out either on a Hewlett-Packard 1050 series instrument or Agilent 1100 instrument using chiral stationary phases. The diasteromeric ratio was determined by the ¹H NMR

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and HPLC analysis of the isolated product. Optical rotation values were measured on a Perkin-Elmer 241 polarimeter. Melting points were measured on a LLG MPM-H2 melting point instrument.

Unless specified, the starting materials and reagents were purchased directly from the commercial suppliers and used without further purification. The squaramides C1 to C7¹⁶ and the benzyl cuperine C-9¹⁷ were synthesized using known literature procedures.

General procedure for the synthesis of pyrazolone derived phenyl ketimines 2. Nitrosobenzene (25.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and K_2CO_3 (0.2 equiv.) were added to a solution of pyrazolone derivative 1 (25.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in MeOH (0.6 M) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then refluxed for 3 hours. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed three times with water, once with brine and then dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. After evaporation of ethyl acetate under reduced pressure, the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (*n*-pentane/diethyl ether, 3:1) to afford the ketimine product 2.

5-*Methyl-2-phenyl-4-(phenylimino)-2,4-dihydro-3H-pyrazol-3-one* (**2a**): red solid; 3.16 g, 48%; mp = $102 - 104 \,^{\circ}$ C; IR (capillary) 3060, 2287, 2084, 1937, 1664, 1587, 1488, 1412, 1360, 1297, 1132, 998, 911, 831, 744, 687 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 – 7.86 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.45 – 7.23 (m, 7H, ArH), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.7, 151.2, 150.8, 146.3, 137.7, 129.0 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 125.6, 121.8 (2C), 118.5 (2C), 118.4, 12.4; MS (EI) *m/z*: 262.9 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₁₄N₃O 264.1131, found 264.1131.

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-(phenylimino)-2,4-dihydro-3H-pyrazol-3-one (**2b**): red solid; 3.64 g, 49%; mp = 121 – 123 °C; IR (capillary) 3461, 2993, 2678, 2338, 2093, 1902, 1716, 1577, 1479, 1305, 1105, 994, 820 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 – 7.83 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.44 – 7.31 (m, 7H, ArH), 2.32 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.2, 151.2, 151.1, 146.2, 136.3, 129.1 (2C), 129.0, 128.7 (2C), 122.03, 122.01, 119.4 (2C), 118.8, 12.4; MS (EI) *m/z*: 296.8 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₁₃N₃OCl 298.0742, found 298.0742.

5-*Methyl-4-(phenylimino)-2-(p-tolyl)-2,4-dihydro-3H-pyrazol-3-one* (**2***c*): red solid; 3.32 g, 48%; mp = 75 – 77 °C; IR (capillary) 3354, 2934, 2702, 2339, 2092, 1907, 1690, 1497, 1306, 1129, 993, 774,

683 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.44 – 7.42 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.38 – 7.36 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.34 – 7.31 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.20 – 7.19 (m, 2H, ArH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.33 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.8, 151.1, 150.6, 146.3, 135.3, 135.2, 129.5(2C), 129.1, 128.7 (2C), 128.6, 121.8, 118.4 (2C), 21.1, 12.4; MS (EI) *m/z*: 276.9 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₁₅N₃ONa 300.1107, found 300.1107.

5-*Ethyl-2-phenyl-4-(phenylimino)-2,4-dihydro-3H-pyrazol-3-one* (**2***d*): red solid; 3.19 g, 46%; mp = 94 – 96 °C; IR (capillary) 3460, 2970, 2663, 2336, 2094, 1912, 1728, 1589, 1479, 1341, 1225, 1117, 1037, 919, 836, 755 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.92 – 7.90 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.45 – 7.32 (m, 6H, ArH), 7.22 – 7.20 (m, 2H, ArH), 2.76 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 1.40 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.6, 152.3, 151.3, 146.4, 137.7, 129.0 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 128.5, 125.5, 121.7, 118.4 (2C), 118.3, 20.2, 10.6; MS (EI) *m/z*: 276.8 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₁₅N₃ONa 300.1107, found 300.1109.

5-*Isopropyl-2-phenyl-4-(phenylimino)-2,4-dihydro-3H-pyrazol-3-one* (**2e**): red solid; 4.22 g, 58%; mp = 77 – 79 °C; IR (capillary) 3398, 2959, 2707, 2340, 2093, 1709, 1593, 1467, 1334, 1256, 1102, 977, 835, 747, 685 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 – 7.91 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.45 – 7.39 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.34 – 7.31 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 1H, ArH), 3.22 – 3.18 (m, 1H, C*H*(CH₃)₂), 1.42 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H, CH(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.5, 152.0, 151.3, 146.5, 137.8, 129.0 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 128.4, 125.5, 121.4 (2C), 118.4 (2C), 27.1, 20.1 (2C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 290.9 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₈H₁₇N₃ONa 314.1264, found 314.1264.

5-(*tert-Butyl*)-2-*phenyl-4*-(*phenylimino*)-2,4-*dihydro-3H-pyrazol-3-one* (**2***f*): red solid; 3.74 g, 49%; mp = 95 – 97 °C; IR (capillary) 2957, 2340, 2095, 1925, 1717, 1590, 1479, 1375, 1304, 1213, 1108, 963, 839, 689 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 – 7.91 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.45 – 7.39 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.31 7.29 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 3H, ArH), 1.51 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.4, 152.0, 150.8, 146.7, 137.7, 128.9 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 127.8, 125.4, 120.3 (2C), 118.3 (2C), 35.1, 28.1(3C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 304.9 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₉H₂₀N₃O 306.1601, found 306.1602.

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2,5-*Diphenyl-4-(phenylimino)-2,4-dihydro-3H-pyrazol-3-one* (**2***g*): red solid; 4.55 g, 56%; mp = 176 – 178 °C; IR (capillary) 3449, 3026, 2682, 2338, 2092, 1896, 1714, 1592, 1482, 1399, 1307, 1142, 925, 838, 687cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 – 8.30 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.99 – 7.97 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.51 – 7.42 (m, 7H, ArH), 7.35 – 7.21 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 1H, ArH); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.1, 150.7, 147.1, 146.9, 137.6, 130.8, 129.0 (2C), 128.8 (3C), 128.7 (2C), 128.2, 128.1 (2C), 125.9, 120.6 (2C), 118.7 (2C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 324.8 M⁺; Anal. calcd for C₂₁H₁₅N₃O: C, 77.52%, H, 4.65%, N, 12.91%, found: C, 77.69%, H, 4.71%, N, 13.08%.

General procedure for the synthesis of pyrazolone-derived ketones 3. The ketimine 2 (10 mmol) was dissolved in THF (0.13 M) and the aqueous HCl (2.0 N) solution (25 mL) was added to it at room temperature. The progress of the reaction was monitored on TLC. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was diluted with water. The organic layer was extracted three times with dichloromethane and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude product was directly purified by flash column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc, 1:1) to afford the desired product 3.

3-Methyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-4,5-dione (**3***a*): red solid; 1.58g, 84%; mp = 119 – 121 °C; IR (capillary) 3083, 2078, 1765, 1722, 1591, 1492, 1434, 1416, 1370, 1279, 1151, 1086, 1039, 972, 913, 849, 763, 689 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 – 7.82 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.44 – 7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.18 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 184.6, 149.2, 144.5, 137.0, 129.3 (2C), 126.3, 117.8 (2C), 11.1; MS (EI) *m/z*: 188.1 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₀H₈N₂O₂ 188.0580, found 188.0583.

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4,5-dione (**3***b*): red solid; 1.71 g, 77%; mp = 157 – 159 °C; IR (capillary) 3106, 2060, 1772, 1714, 1591, 1491, 1432, 1402, 1369, 1309, 1284, 1166, 1090, 1048, 1006, 855, 825, 736, 687 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 2.23 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 184.3, 149.1, 144.8, 135.5, 131.6, 129.4 (2C), 118.9 (2C), 11.2; MS (EI) *m/z*: 222.1 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M]⁺ calcd for C₁₀H₇N₂O₂Cl 222.0192, found 222.0191. *1-(4-Methylphenyl)-3-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4,5-dione* (**3***c*): red solid; 1.11 g, 55%; mp = 116 – 119 °C; IR (capillary) 3192, 2349, 2099, 1703, 1507, 1368, 1220, 1117, 819, 674 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 – 7.71 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.24 – 7.22 (m, 2H, ArH), 2.36 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.19 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 184.9, 149.05, 144.4, 136.3, 134.6, 129.8 (2C), 117.9 (2C), 21.1, 11.1; MS (EI) *m/z*: 202.1 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₁H₁₀N₂O₂Na 225.0634, found 225.0633.

3-Ethyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-4,5-dione (*3d*): red solid; 1.68 g, 83%; mp = 128 - 130 °C; IR (capillary) 3351, 2962, 2094, 1707, 1478, 1353, 1094, 748 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 – 7.87 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.47 – 7.46 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.62 – 2.58 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 1.33 – 1.31 (m, 3H, CH₂CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 184.8, 149.4, 148.5, 137.1, 129.3 (2C), 126.4, 117.9 (2C), 19.5, 9.8; MS (EI) *m/z*: 202.1 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₁H₁₀N₂O₂Na 225.0634, found 225.0632.

3-Isopropyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-4,5-dione (**3***e*): red solid; 1.73, 80%; mp = 51 – 53 °C; IR (capillary) 3337, 2968, 2092, 1710, 1067, 1085, 755 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 – 7.87 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.46 – 7.46 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.97– 2.92 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)₂), 1.33 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6H, CH(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 184.7, 151.4, 149.3, 137.0, 129.2 (2C), 126.3, 117.8 (2C), 27.0, 19.1 (2C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 216.2 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₁₂H₁₃N₂O₂ 217.0971, found 217.0968.

3-(*tert-Butyl*)-1-*phenyl-1H-pyrazole-4,5-dione* (**3***f*): red solid; 1.98, 86%; mp = 80 - 82 °C; IR (capillary) 3454, 2961, 2328, 2089, 1738, 1593, 1488, 1385, 1212, 1126, 1043, 942, 753 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 - 7.88 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.46 - 7.43 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.28 - 7.25 (m, 1H, ArH), 1.37 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 184.3, 153.1, 148.9, 137.1, 129.2 (2C), 126.3, 117.8 (2C), 33.9, 27.1 (3C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 230.2 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₃H₁₄N₂O₂Na 253.0947, found 253.0947.

1,3-Diphenyl-1H-pyrazole-4,5-dione (**3***g*): red solid; 2.07 g, 83%; mp = 165 – 166 °C; IR (capillary) 3452, 2926, 2332, 2097, 1729, 1590, 1482, 1390, 1143, 912, 747 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.19 – 8.17 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.99– 7.97 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.53 – 7.48 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.32 – 7.29 (m, 1H,

ArH); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 184.1, 148.9, 141.2, 137.0, 132.0, 129.4 (2C), 129.3 (2C), 127.3 (2C), 126.7, 126.6, 118.1 (2C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 250.1 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₀N₂O₂Na 273.0634, found 273.0634.

General procedure for the synthesis of pyrazolone-derived *N*-Boc ketimine 4. The *tert*butyl(triphenylphosphoranylidene)acetate (1.1 equiv.) was added to a solution of the pyrazolonederived ketone **3** (0.5 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (0.2 M) at room temperature and the mixture was refluxed for 3-3.5 hours. After completion of the reaction, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude product was directly purified by flash column chromatography (*n*-pentane/diethyl ether, 1:1) to afford the desired *N*-Boc ketimine **4**.

tert-Butyl (3-methyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1,5-dihydro-4H-pyrazol-4-ylidene)carbamate (4a): orange solid; 1.09 g, 76%; 173-175 °C; IR (capillary) 2979, 2319, 2110, 1722, 1596, 1482, 1369, 1250, 1143, 843, 759 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84-7.82 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.42-7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.24-7.21 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.28 (s, 3H, Me), 1.64 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.9, 153.9, 150.2, 150.0, 137.0, 129.1 (2C), 126.0, 118.3 (2C), 85.4, 28.1 (3C), 12.1; MS (EI) *m/z*: 286.9 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₇N₃O₃Na 310.1162, found 310.1161.

tert-Butyl (1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-methyl-5-oxo-1,5-dihydro-4H-pyrazol-4-ylidene)-carbamate (**4b**): orange solid; 1.13 g, 70%; mp = 148 – 150 °C; IR (capillary) 2980, 2315, 2115, 1735, 1482, 1368, 1239, 1145, 836, 759 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 2.29 (s, 3H, Me), 1.63 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.7, 153.6, 150.6, 150.0, 135.6, 131.2, 129.2 (2C), 119.4 (2C), 85.6, 28.1 (3C), 12.1; MS (EI) *m/z*: 320.9 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + K]⁺ calcd for C₁₅H₁₆N₃O₃ClK 360.0512, found 360.0513.

tert-Butyl (1-(4-methylphenyl)-3-methyl-5-oxo-1,5-dihydro-4H-pyrazol-4-ylidene)-carb-amate (4c): 1.13 g, 75%; orange solid; mp = 170-172 °C; IR (capillary) 2986, 1727, 1612, 1517, 1440, 1368, 1313, 1249, 1147, 1036, 988, 880, 818, 772 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, ArH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.29 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.63 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.8, 153.9, 149.9, 149.8, 135.7, 134.5, 129.6 (2C), 118.3 (2C), 85.3, 28.0 (3C), 21.0, 12.0; MS (EI): *m/z*: 301.7 M⁺; Anal. calcd for C₁₆H₁₉N₃O₃: C, 63.77%, H, 6.36%, N, 13.94%, found: C, 63.44%, H, 6.55%, N, 13.52%.

tert-Butyl (*3-ethyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1,5-dihydro-4H-pyrazol-4-ylidene*)*carbamate* (*4d*): orange solid; 1.13 g, 75%; mp = 103 – 105 °C; IR (capillary) 2972, 2339, 2103, 1717, 1595, 1483, 1349, 1250, 1141, 839, 762 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 – 7.84 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.43 – 7.30 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.24 – 7.21 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.68 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 1.64 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.35 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.9, 154.1, 153.6, 150.3, 137.1, 129.1 (2C), 126.0, 118.4 (2C), 85.3, 28.1 (3C), 20.2, 10.2; MS (EI) *m/z*: 301.2 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₁₆H₁₉N₃O₃Na 324.1319, found 324.1318.

tert-Butyl (*3-isopropyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1,5-dihydro-4H-pyrazol-4-ylidene)carbamate* (*4e*): orange solid; 1.37 g, 87%; mp = 114-116 °C; IR (capillary) 2975, 2306, 2115, 1728, 1597, 1497, 1369, 1251, 1150, 1045, 980, 845, 749, 684 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 7.45 – 7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.12 – 3.02 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)₂), 1.64 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.37 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H, CH(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.9, 157.0, 153.0, 150.2, 137.1, 129.0 (2C), 125.8, 118.3 (2C), 85.1, 28.0 (3C), 27.4, 19.7 (2C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 315.7 M⁺; Anal. calcd for C₁₇H₂₁N₃O₃: C, 64.74%, H, 6.71%, N, 13.32%, found: C, 64.63%, H, 6.60%, N, 13.19%.

tert-Butyl (3-(*tert-butyl*)-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1,5-dihydro-4H-pyrazol-4-ylidene)carbamate (**4f**): orange solid; 1.39 g, 84%; mp = 111-113 °C; IR (capillary) 2975, 1727, 1597, 1493, 1371, 1309, 1249, 1147, 1049, 968, 845, 748, 685 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.44 – 7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 1.64 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.43 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.9, 158.4, 152.4, 150.0, 137.1, 129.0 (2C), 125.8, 118.2 (2C), 84.9, 34.9, 28.1 (3C), 27.8 (3 C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 329.7 M⁺; Anal. calcd for C₁₈H₂₃N₃O₃: C, 65.63%, H, 7.04%, N, 12.76%, found: C, 65.35%, H, 7.07%, N, 12.77%.

tert-Butyl (5-*oxo*-1,3-*diphenyl*-1*H*-*pyrazol*-4(5*H*)-*ylidene*)*carbamate* (**4g**): orange solid; 1.43 g, 82%; mp = 176-178 C; IR (capillary) 2982, 2293, 2107, 1731, 1595, 1493, 1369, 1325, 1239, 1145, 1060, 984, 930, 846, 749, 684 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.95 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.54 – 7.44 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.27 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 1.67 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C

NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.6, 152.8, 149.9, 146.8, 137.0, 131.2, 129.1 (2C), 128.8 (2 C), 128.1, 127.4 (2C), 126.2, 118.5 (2C), 85.3, 28.0 (3 C); MS (EI) *m/z*: 349.7 M⁺; Anal. calcd for C₂₀H₁₉N₃O₃: C, 68.75%, H, 5.48%, N, 12.03%, found: C, 68.54%, H, 5.29%, N, 11.87%.

General procedure for the synthesis of 5 and *ent*-5. In a 10 mL reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirring bar, the imine 4 (1.1 equiv., 0.22 mmol), catalyst C-2 or C-5 (2 mol%) and 4 Å molecular sieves (50 mg) were stirred in dichloromethane (1.0 mL) at -48 °C. After 10 minutes, pyrazolone 1 (1.0 equiv. 0.2 mmol) was added and the stirring was continued for 24 hours at the same temperature. The reaction mixture was kept at room temperature for 1 hour and the crude product was directly purified by flash column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc, 1:1) to afford the products 5 or *ent*-5.

tert-Butyl (*S*)-(5-hydroxy-3,3'-dimethyl-5'-oxo-1,1'-diphenyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-4'yl)carbamate (**5a**): colorless solid, 91 mg, 99%; mp = 143 – 145 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -56.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); IR (capillary): 2974, 2322, 2093, 1730, 1473, 1366, 1210, 744 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.99 – 7.91 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.54 – 7.52 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.47 – 7.40 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 2.15 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.10 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.43 (s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.27 (s, 3H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.1, 162.1, 161.3, 155.9, 146.8, 139.4, 136.3, 130.4, 130.0, 129.9, 128.3, 126.3, 123.0, 120.0, 119.1, 94.9, 81.7, 66.4, 28.6, 13.5, 11.7; MS (EI) *m/z*: 461.0 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₂₇N₅O₄Na 484.1955, found 484.1951.

tert-Butyl (S)-(1-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-3,3'-dimethyl-5'-oxo-1'-phenyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (**5b**): colorless solid, 90 mg, 91%; mp = 150 – 152 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ = -38.0 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 93.5:6.5 *er*; SFC [(*R*,*R*)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 148 bar, 230 nm] t_R 5.35 min (minor), t_R 8.51 min (major), IR (capillary): 2976, 2927, 2099, 1713, 1598, 1483, 1393, 1362, 1312, 1254, 1159, 1088, 1061, 1028, 938, 837, 749, 691 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.94 – 7.91 (br m, 2H, ArH), 7.64 – 7.61 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.55 – 7.41 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 2.12 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.07 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.42 – 1.27 (br m, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.1, 163.3, 162.2, 161.4, 155.9, 146.6, 139.4, 134.3, 133.4, 132.8, 131.8, 131.7, 129.9, 129.2, 126.4, 126.1, 120.1, 119.2, 93.7, 81.7, 66.5, 28.5, 13.3, 11.6; MS (ESI): m/z: 495.2 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₂₇N₅O₄Cl 496.1746, found 496.1734.

tert-Butyl (S)-(1-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-3,3'-dimethyl-5'-oxo-1'-phenyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (**5c**): colorless solid, 98 mg, 99%; mp = 148 – 150 °C; $[a]_D^{24}$ = +134.0 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 93:7 er; SFC [(R,R)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 150 bar, 236 nm] t_R 8.22 min (minor), t_R 8.78 min (major); IR (capillary): 2977, 2928, 2080, 1708, 1628, 1595, 1561, 1489, 1396, 1364, 1312, 1253, 1158, 1090, 1049, 1013, 933, 887, 830, 753, 690 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.92 – 7.90 (br m, 2H, ArH), 7.59 – 7.56 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.48 – 7.39 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.23 – 7.19 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.11 (s, 6H, 2CH₃), 1.43 – 1.25 (m, 9H, t-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.2, 162.5, 161.4, 156.0, 147.8, 139.4, 135.6, 133.3, 130.4, 129.9, 126.3, 124.1, 120.1, 119.2, 94.7, 81.7, 66.5, 28.5, 13.5, 11.9 MS (ESI) *m*/*z*: 495.2 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₂₇N₅O₄Cl 496.1746, found: 496.1744.

tert-Butyl (*S*)-(5-hydroxy-3,3'-dimethyl-5'-oxo-1'-phenyl-1-(p-tolyl)-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (5d): colorless solid, 91 mg, 96%; mp = 144 – 146 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -92.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 95:5 er; SFC [(*R*,*R*)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 152 bar, 209 nm] t_R 16.71 min (minor), t_R 19.12 min (major); IR (capillary): 2977, 2926, 2107, 1715, 1596, 1492, 1395, 1363, 1309, 1277, 1255, 1159, 1118, 1077, 1049, 1023, 970, 937, 888, 817, 755, 691 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.98 – 7.91 (br m, 2H, ArH), 7.43 – 7.39 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.36 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.10 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.09 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.43 (s, 6H *t*-Bu), 1.27 (s, 3H, *t*-Bu);¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.1, 162.1, 161.3, 155.9, 146.2, 139.4, 138.7, 133.7, 130.9, 129.9, 126.3, 126.1, 123.4, 120.1, 119.1, 94.7, 81.7, 66.5, 28.6, 21.1, 13.4, 11.5; MS (ESI) *m*/*z*: 475.3 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₀N₅O₄ 476.2292, found 476.2294.

tert-Butyl (S)-(5-hydroxy-1,3,3'-trimethyl-5'-oxo-1'-phenyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-4'yl)carbamate (5e): colorless solid, 71 mg, 89%; mp = 207 – 209 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -90.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 91:9 er; SFC [(R,R)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 149 bar, 230 nm] t_R 3.30 min (minor), t_R 3.95 min (major); IR (capillary) 3182, 2976, 2932, 2093, 1714, 1595, 1493, 1393, 1362,

1306, 1255, 1159, 1073, 1028, 953, 885, 837, 755, 690 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.94 – 7.87 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.43 – 7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.40 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.14 – 2.02 (m, 3H, CH₃), 1.98 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.43 (s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.26 (s, 3H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.2, 162.9, 161.4, 155.9, 143.8, 139.4, 129.9, 126.3, 126.1, 120.1, 119.1, 93.9, 81.6, 66.5, 30.4, 28.5, 28.4, 13.2, 11.2; MS (EI) *m/z*: 399.2 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₀H₂₆N₅O₄ 400.1979, found 400.1979.

tert-Butyl (S)-(3-ethyl-5-hydroxy-3'-methyl-5'-oxo-1,1'-diphenyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (5f): colorless solid, 90 mg, 95%; mp = 144 – 146 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ = +24.0 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 94.5:5.5 er; SFC [(*R*,*R*)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 156 bar, 241 nm] t_R 6.73 min (minor), t_R 7.53 min (major); IR (capillary): 2965, 1711, 1599, 1480, 1365, 1366, 1162, 7438 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.92 (br s, 2H, ArH), 7.58 – 7.56 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.51 – 7.48 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.45 – 7.32 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.37 – 7.35 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 2.56 – 2.46 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 2.12 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.43 (br s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.29 (br s, 3H, *t*-Bu), 1.11 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.4, 162.8, 161.7, 155.9, 152.2, 139.4, 136.4, 130.4, 129.9, 128.5, 126.4, 123.6, 120.1, 119.1, 94.2, 81.7, 66.5, 28.5, 19.9, 13.4, 12.7; MS (EI) *m/z*: 475.2 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₂₉N₅O₄Na 498.2098, found 498.2112.

tert-Butyl (S)-(5-hydroxy-3'-methyl-5'-oxo-1,1'-diphenyl-3-propyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (5g): colorless solid, 94 mg, 96%; mp = 144 – 146 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +4.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 92:8. *er*; SFC [(*R*,*R*)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 148 bar, 229 nm] t_R 6.16 min (minor), t_R 6.91 min (major); IR (capillary) 2965, 2087, 1709, 1471, 1170, 734 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.97 – 7.95 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.58 – 7.55 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.52 – 7.48 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.46 – 7.42 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.39 – 7.35 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 2.45 – 2.31 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₂CH₃), 2.10 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.55 – 1.47 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₂CH₃), 1.41 (br s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 2.38 (br s, 3H, *t*-Bu), 0.74 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₂CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.3, 162.9, 161.8, 155.8, 150.6, 139.4, 136.3, 130.4, 129.0, 129.9, 128.5, 126.3, 123.5, 119.8, 118.9, 94.3, 81.7, 66.7, 28.5, 28.4, 24.2, 22.7, 14.1, 13.3; MS (EI) *m*/*z*: 489.0 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₃₁N₅O₄Na 512.2268, found: 512.2250. tert-Butyl (S)-(5-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-3'-methyl-5'-oxo-1,1'-diphenyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (5h): colorless solid, 83 mg, 85%; mp = 151–153 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +8.9$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 93:7 er; SFC [(R,R)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 149 bar, 230 nm] t_R 4.54 min (minor), t_R 5.65 min (major); IR (capillary) 3230, 2960, 2281, 2286, 1723, 1580, 1356, 1165, 911, 728 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.90 (br s, 2H, ArH), 7.56 – 7.40 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.46 – 7.37 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.02 – 2.98 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)₂), 2.15 – 2.12 (m, 3H, CH₃), 1.42 (br s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.30 (br s, 3H, *t*-Bu), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH(CH₃)₂), 1.15 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.5, 162.7, 161.8, 156.4, 155.8, 139.4, 136.3, 130.7, 129.9, 128.8, 126.4, 124.4, 120.2, 119.1, 93.3, 81.6, 66.6, 28.5, 26.6, 21.4, 21.3, 13.4; MS (EI) *m/z*: 489.0 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₃₁N₅O₄Na 512.2268, found 512.2251.

tert-Butyl (*S*)-(5-hydroxy-3'-methyl-5'-oxo-1,1'-diphenyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1',5'-dihy-dro-1H,4'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (*Si*); brown solid, 73 mg, 71%; mp = 132 – 134 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ = +114.0 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); IR (capillary) 2976, 2926, 2097, 1700, 1597, 1563, 1494, 1367, 1305, 1231, 1153, 1121, 1057, 1029, 1006, 917, 836, 756, 728, 692 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H,ArH), 7.47 – 7.39 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.33 – 7.29 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.21 – 7.18 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.08 (s, 3H, , CH₃), 1.44 – 1.29 (m, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.1, 160.7, 155.8, 139.9, 139.7, 138.2, 130.2, 129.9, 129.6, 127.8, 126.0, 124.4, 124.0, 122.8, 120.4, 88.2, 81.6, 30.7, 28.6, 13.2; MS (ESI) *m*/z: 538.2 [M + Na]⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/z: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₂₄N₅O₄F₃Na 538.1673, found 538.1663.

tert-Butyl (S)-(1'-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-3,3'-dimethyl-5'-oxo-1-phenyl-1',5'-dihy-dro-1H,4'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (5j): colorless solid, 98 mg, 99%; mp = 141 – 143 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -102.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 94.5:5.5 er; SFC [(R,R)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 149 bar, 219 nm] t_R 9.46 min (minor), t_R 10.45 min (major); IR (capillary): 2977, 2927, 2098, 1716, 1601, 1488, 1394, 1362, 1308, 1159, 1084, 1013, 968, 937, 887, 831, 757, 731, 685 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 – 7.93 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.54 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.48 – 7.45 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.42 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.34 – 7.32 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.13 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.11 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.43 (s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.29 – 1.25 (m, 3H, *t*-Bu);¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.0, 152.3, 161.6, 156.0, 147.0,

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138.2, 136.4, 131.2, 130.4, 129.9, 128.3, 123.0, 121.2, 120.4, 95.0, 81.7, 66.3, 28.5, 13.6, 11.7; MS (EI) m/z: 495.3 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₂₇N₅O₄Cl 496.1746, found 496.1743.

tert-Butyl (S)-(5-hydroxy-3,3'-dimethyl-5'-oxo-1-phenyl-1'-(p-tolyl)-1',5'-dihydro-1H, 4'H-[4,4'bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (5k): colorless solid, 94 mg, 99%; mp = 141 – 142 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -70.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); >99:1 er; SFC [(R,R)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 150 bar,254 nm] t_R 11.82 min (minor), t_R 12.16 min (major); IR (capillary) 2977, 2925, 2087, 1715, 1611, 1491, 1395, 1363, 1309, 1278, 1254, 1159, 1121, 1176, 1020, 969, 937, 889, 818, 758, 729, 686 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.84 – 7.76 (br m, 2H, ArH), 7.57 – 7.55 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.49 – 7.47 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.35 – 7.33 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.24 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, ArH), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.14 – 2.10 (m, 6H, 2CH₃), 1.43 (s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.23 – 1.27 (m, 3H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.0, 162.0, 161.3, 155.9, 155.3, 146.9, 136.9, 136.4, 136.3, 130.4, 130.3, 128.3, 123.1, 120.3, 119.2, 95.0, 81.7, 66.4, 28.6, 21.0, 13.4, 11.5; MS (EI) *m*/*z*: 475.2 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₂₆H₃₀N₅O₄ 476.2292, found: 476.2288.

tert-Butyl (*S*)-(*3*'-*ethyl*-5-*hydroxy*-3-*methyl*-5'-*oxo*-1,1'-*diphenyl*-1',5'-*dihydro*-1H,4'H-[4,4'-*bipyrazol*]-4'-*yl*)*carbamate* (*Sl*): colorless solid, 87 mg, 92%; mp = 136 – 138 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -146.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); IR (capillary) 2977, 2934, 2321, 2097, 1715, 1597, 1490, 1392, 1367, 1306, 1248, 1159, 1075, 1044, 1021, 933, 888, 835, 755, 688 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.83 (s, 1H, br s, OH), 8.90 (s, 1H, NH), 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.39 – 7.31 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.19 – 7.15 (m, 2H, ArH), 2.29 – 2.27 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 1.77 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.26 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.15 – 1.14 (m, 3H, CH₂CH₃); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.3, 164.2, 162.7, 154.3, 146.1, 137.8, 135.6, 129.2, 129.1, 126.5, 125.7, 121.0, 120.5, 119.2, 118.1, 95.2, 80.4, 69.9, 28.2, 20.9, 11.5, 9.9; MS (EI) *m/z*: 475.3 M⁺; Anal. calcd for C₂₆H₂₉N₅O₄: C, 65.67%, H, 6.15%, N, 14.73%, found: C 65.54%, H, 6.17%, N, 14.43%.

tert-Butyl (S)-(5-hydroxy-3'-isopropyl-3-methyl-5'-oxo-1,1'-diphenyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (**5m**): colorless solid, 93 mg, 95%; mp = 145 – 147 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ = -186.2 (c = 0.6, CHCl₃); IR (capillary) 2974, 2931, 2107, 1715, 1597, 1490, 1369, 1305, 1249, 1160, 1078, 1023, 979, 899, 834, 755, 689, 660 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.02 – 7.94 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.57 – 7.55 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.51 – 7.48 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.46 – 7.43 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.37– 7.34 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.23 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 2.81 – 2.78 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)₂), 1.98 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.42 (s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.37 – 1.18 (m, 3H, *t*-Bu, 6H, CH(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 173.0, 167.3, 163.0, 155.7, 146.1, 139.4, 139.4, 136.3, 130.5, 129.9, 128.4, 126.4, 123.1, 120.1, 119.1, 95.0, 81.6, 66.8, 29.6, 28.6, 28.4, 21.3, 21.2, 11.2; MS (EI) *m/z*: 489.3 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₃₁N₅O₄Na 512.2268, found 512.2256.

tert-Butyl (*S*)-(*3*'-(tert-butyl)-5-hydroxy-3-methyl-5'-oxo-1,1'-diphenyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (*5n*): colorless solid, 68 mg, 67%; mp = 165 – 158 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ = -108.0 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 80:20 *er*; SFC [(*R*,*R*)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 151 bar, 230 nm] t_R 17.83 min (minor), t_R 18.94 min (major); IR (capillary) 2977, 2932, 2097, 1713, 1595, 1492, 1393, 1362, 1305, 1254, 1158, 1073, 1029, 953, 885, 838, 794, 755, 690 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.04 – 7.94 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.58 – 7.57 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.52 – 7.49 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.46 – 7.43 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.38 – 7.36 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.24 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 1.94 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.42 (s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.34 (s, 3H, *t*-Bu), 1.31 (s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.26 (s, 3H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) 173.2, 167.7, 163.0, 155.6, 145.7, 139.3, 136.3, 130.5, 130.1, 129.9, 128.5, 126.4, 126.2, 123.3, 120.0, 119.0, 95.7, 81.5, 66.9, 37.0, 29.5, 29.3, 28.6, 28.4, 10.9; MS (EI) *m*/*z*: 503.3 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₈H₃₃N₅O₄Na 526.2424, found 526.2419.

tert-Butyl (S)-(5-hydroxy-3-methyl-5'-oxo-1,1',3'-triphenyl-1',5'-dihydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-4'yl)carbamate (**5**0): colorless solid, 97 mg, 93%; mp = 155 – 156 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -8.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 87:13 er; SFC [(R,R)-Whelk-O1 column, MeOH/CO₂, 4.00 mL/min, 148 bar, 230 nm] t_R 12.68 min (minor), t_R 13.45 min (major); IR (capillary) 2977, 2929, 2098, 1717, 1597, 1490, 1371, 1292, 1254, 1156, 1115, 1074, 1023, 949, 917, 878, 837, 796, 756, 688 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.12 – 8.03 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.56 – 7.54 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.49 – 7.42 (m, 7H, ArH), 7.33 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.28 – 7.25 (m, 1H, ArH), 1.99 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.31 (s, 6H, *t*-Bu), 1.14 (s, 3H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CD₃OD) 173.5, 162.5, 157.7, 155.8, 146.1, 139.3, 136.2, 131.9, 130.4, 130.0, 129.9, 128.4, 127.7, 126.7, 123.2, 120.3, 119.4, 95.5, 81.7, 65.8, 28.5, 28.3, 11.2; MS (EI) *m/z*: 523.3 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + H]⁺ calcd for C₃₀H₃₀N₅O₄ 524.2292, found 524.2290.

General procedure for the acylation of product 5. In a 10 mL reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirring bar, the amino-bis-pyrazolone 5 (1 equiv., 0.1 mmol) was stirred in dichloromethane (1.0 mL) at room temprature followed by the addition of Ac_2O (2.0 equiv. 0.2 mmol) and triethylamine (0.3 equiv., 0.03 mmol). The stirring was continued for 3 hours at room temperature and the crude product was directly purified by flash column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc, 3:1) to afford the enolacetate product **6**.

(S)-4'-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3,3'-dimethyl-5'-oxo-1,1'-diphenyl-4',5'-dihydro-1H,1'H-[4,4'-

bipyrazol]-5-yl acetate (*6a*): colorless solid, 49 mg, 97%; mp = 179 – 181 °C; 98.5:1.5 *er*; HPLC [chiralpak AD column, *n*-heptane/*i*-PrOH, 8:2, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm] t_R 9.90 min (minor), t_R 15.67 min (major); IR (capillary) 3294, 2929, 1656, 1530, 1446, 1367, 1241, 1051, 752, 691 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 – 7.93 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.42– 7.37 (m, 6H, ArH), 7.35 – 7.33 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.18 – 7.16 (m, 1H, ArH), 5.57 (br s, 1H, NH), 2.46 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.17 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.99 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.39 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.7, 166.7, 159.2, 153.8, 146.8, 141.5, 138.2, 137.3, 129.4, 129.0, 128.3, 125.1, 123.5, 118.7, 101.4, 64.5, 28.2, 20.1, 15.0, 14.2; MS (EI) *m/z*: 503.0 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₇H₂₉N₅O₅Na 526.2061, found 526.2064.

(*S*)-4'-((*tert-Butoxycarbonyl*)*amino*)-3'-*ethyl*-3-*methyl*-5'-*oxo*-1,1'-*diphenyl*-4',5'-*dihydro*-1H,1'H-[4,4'*bipyrazol*]-5-yl acetate (**6***l*): colorless wax, 50 mg, 97%; 98.5:1.5 *er*; HPLC [chiralpak IA column, *n*heptane/*i*-PrOH, 7:3, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm] t_R 13.86 min (minor), 20.54 min (major); IR (capillary) 3278, 2970. 2325, 1719, 1591, 1477, 1358, 1155, 1050, 876, 751 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 – 7.99 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.42 – 7.38 (m, 6H, ArH), 7.34 – 7.32 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.18 – 7.16 (m, 1H, ArH), 5.57 (s, 1H, NH), 2.51 – 2.43 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₃), 2.43 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.97 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.37 (br s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.31 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H, CH₂CH₃).;¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.0, 166.7, 162.8, 146.6, 141.5, 138.4, 137.3, 129.4, 129.0, 128.3, 125.1, 101.8, 64.5, 28.4, 28.2, 21.5, 20.1, 15.0, 9.5; MS (EI) *m*/*z*: 517.4 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₈H₃₁N₅O₅Na 540.2217, found 540.2211.

(S)-4'-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3'-isopropyl-3-methyl-5'-oxo-1,1'-diphenyl-4',5'-dihydro-1H,1'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-5-yl acetate (**6m**): colorless wax, 51 mg, 96%; 98.5:1.5 er; HPLC [chiralpak IA column, *n*-heptane/*i*-PrOH, 7:3, 0.5 mL/min, 254 nm] tR 15.93 min (minor), 17.10 min (major); IR (capillary) 3238, 2965. 2309, 1716, 1594, 1480, 1361, 1155, 871, 749 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.43 – 7.39 (m, 6H, ArH), 7.35 – 7.33 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.19 – 7.16 (m, 1H, ArH), 5.74 (s, 1H, NH), 2.83 – 2.64 (m, 1H, CH(CH₃)₂), 2.37 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.94 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.41 – 1.22 (br m, 9H, *t*-Bu, 3H, CH(CH₃)₂), 1.23 – 1.22 (m, 3H, CH(CH₃)₂); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.9, 166.6, 165.4, 153.9, 146.2, 141.6, 138.3, 137.3, 129.4, 129.0, 128.3, 125.0, 123.5, 118.6, 101.8, 53.6, 28.4, 28.2, 21.0, 20.8, 20.1, 14.9; MS (EI) *m*/*z*: 531.4 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₉H₃₃N₅O₅Na 554.2374, found 554.2374.

General procedure for the synthesis of 8 and *ent*-8. In a 10 mL reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirring bar, the imine 4a (1.1 equiv., 0.22 mmol), catalyst C-2 or C-5 (2 mol%) and 4 Å molecular sieves (50 mg) were stirred in dichloromethane (1.0 mL) at -48 °C. After 10 minutes, pyrazolone 7 (1.0 equiv. 0.2 mmol) was added and the stirring was continued for 24 hours at the same temperature. The reaction mixture was kept at room temperature for 1 hour and the crude product was directly purified by flash column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc, 4:1) to afford the products 8 or *ent*-8.

tert-Butyl $((4S,4'S)-3',4-dimethyl-5,5'-dioxo-1,1'-diphenyl-3-(phenylethynyl)-1',4,5,5'-tetrahydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'-bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (8a): colorless solid, 102 mg, 88%; mp = 97 – 98 °C; <math>[\alpha]_D^{24} = -144.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 96.5:3.5 er; HPLC [(*S*,*S*)-Whelk-O1 column, *n*-heptane/*i*-PrOH, 9:1, 1.0 mL/min, 230 nm] tR 12.00 min (minor), 13.93 min (major), IR (capillary) 3333, 2979, 2209, 1720, 1483, 1359, 1147, 878, 748 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 – 7.83 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.76 – 7.74 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.61–7.59 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.48 – 7.40 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.13 – 7.11 (m, 2H, ArH, NH), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.72 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.39 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.8, 169.7, 155.6, 154.4, 143.6, 137.7, 136.8, 132.2, 130.4, 129.1, 128.9, 128.8, 126.7, 125.3, 120.7, 120.3, 119.3, 99.4, 79.3, 68.3, 52.9, 28.2, 16.4, 16.2; MS (ESI) *m*/*z*: 584.2 [M + Na]⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₃₃H₃₁N₅O₄Na 584.2268, found 584.2266.

tert-Butyl ((4*S*,4'*S*)-3,3'-*dimethyl*-5,5'-*dioxo*-1,1'-*diphenyl*-4-(*prop*-2-*yn*-1-*yl*)-1',4,5,5'-*tetrahydro*-1*H*,4'*H*-[4,4'-*bipyrazol*]-4'-*yl*)*carbamate* (**8***b*): colorless solid, 86 mg, 86%; mp = 94 - 96 °C; $[\alpha]_{D}^{24} =$

+48.0 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 94:6 *er*; HPLC [(*S*,*S*)-Whelk-O1 column, *n*-heptane/*i*-PrOH, 9:1, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm] tR 10.60 min (minor), 12.92 min (major); IR (capillary) 3296, 2975, 2190, 1718, 1470, 1355, 1163, 878, 760 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.82 – 7.80 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.77 – 7.75 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.43 – 7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.38 – 7.35 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.19 – 7.17 (m, 1H, ArH), 3.21 (dd, J = 16.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.84 (dd, J = 16.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.30 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.08 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.97 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.37 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) 8 170.9, 169.7, 156.2, 155.4, 137.4, 136.8, 129.1, 129.0, 126.4, 125.6, 120.4, 119.1, 75.4, 72.6, 67.7, 57.2, 28.2, 20.1, 16.5, 14.7; MS (EI) *m*/*z*: 499.3 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₈H₂₉N₅O₄Na 522.2109, found 522.2112.

General procedure for the synthesis of 9. In a 10 mL reaction tube equipped with a magnetic stirring bar, the imine 4a (1.1 equiv., 0.22 mmol), catalyst C-2 (1 mol%) and 4 Å molecular sieves (50 mg) were stirred in dichloromethane (1.0 mL) at -48 °C. After 10 minutes, pyrazolone 1a (1.0 equiv. 0.2 mmol) was added and the stirring was continued for 24 hours at the same temperature. The reaction mixture was warmed to the room temperature. After 1 hour NFSI or NCS (1.5 equiv.) and K_2CO_3 (1.5 equiv.) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3.5 hours at the room temperature. The crude product was directly purified by flash column chromatography (*n*-hexane/EtOAc, 4:1) to afford the products 9a or 9b.

tert-Butyl ((4*R*,4'S)-4-fluoro-3,3'-dimethyl-5,5'-dioxo-1,1'-diphenyl-1',4,5,5'-tetrahydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (**9b**): colorless solid, 59 mg, 62%; mp = 75 – 77 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24}$ = +180.0 (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 98.5:1.5 er; HPLC [chiralpak IC column, *n*-heptane/*i*-PrOH, 9:1, 1.0 mL/min, 230 nm] tR 3.72 min (major), 5.09 min (minor); IR (capillary) 3379, 2931, 2083, 1717, 1493, 1369, 1247, 1157, 908, 831, 752, 690 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 4H, ArH), 7.43 – 7.33 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.20 – 7.16 (s, 1H, ArH), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.12 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.39 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1, 164.7, 156.7, 154.0, 152.2, 137.5, 136.2, 129.2, 129.1, 126.7, 125.9, 119.8, 119.2, 89.7, 82.0, 69.0, 28.2, 15.7, 14.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) –179.94; MS (EI) *m/z*: 479.0 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₂₆N₅O₄FNa 502.1861, found 502.1862. tert-Butyl ((4R,4'S)-4-chloro-3,3'-dimethyl-5,5'-dioxo-1,1'-diphenyl-1',4,5,5'-tetrahydro-1H,4'H-[4,4'bipyrazol]-4'-yl)carbamate (**9b**): colorless solid, 78 mg, 79%; mp = 83 – 85 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -170.0$ (c = 0.5, CHCl₃); 98.5:1.5 er; HPLC [chiralpak IA column, *n*-heptane/*i*-PrOH, 7:3, 0.7 mL/min, 230 nm] t_R 5.24 min (minor), t_R 5.70 min (major); IR (capillary) 3354, 2932, 2101, 1718, 1595, 1490, 1369, 1259, 1157, 1064, 902, 826, 745, cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.81 – 7.80 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.77 – 7.75 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.44 – 7.41 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.38 – 7.35 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.28 – 7.25 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.20 – 7.18 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.42 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.15 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.40 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu); ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.0, 166.7, 156.9, 153.2, 137.4, 136.4, 129.2, 129.1, 126.7, 125.9, 120.0, 119.2, 82.04, 68.3, 62.2, 29.8, 28.2, 16.5, 14.0; MS (EI) *m/z*: 494.9 M⁺; HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M + K]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₂₆N₅O₄ClK 534.1305, found 534.1305.

ASSOCIATED CONTENT

NMR spectra, HPLC data, and X-ray crystal structures of 6a and 8a (PDF).

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Notes

The authors declare no competing financial interest.

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